A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Article 1 of Chapter 2 of Title 8 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,

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2	relating to general provisions relative to buildings and other structures generally, so as to
3	change certain provisions relating to requirements for toilets, shower heads, and faucets; to
4	provide an income tax credit for actual replacement of certain plumbing fixtures in existing
5	residential or commercial buildings; to provide for applicability; to repeal conflicting laws;
6	and for other purposes.
7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:
8	SECTION 1.
9	Article 1 of Chapter 2 of Title 8 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
10	general provisions relative to buildings and other structures generally, is amended by revising
11	Code Section 8-2-3, relating to requirements for toilets, shower heads, and faucets, as
12	follows:
13	"8-2-3.
14	(a) As used in this Code section, the term:
15	(1) 'ASME' means the American Society of Mechanical Engineers.
16	(2) 'Blow-out urinal' means a urinal that is designed for heavy-duty commercial
17	applications and works on a powerful nonsiphonic principle.
18	(1)(3) 'Commercial' means any type of building other than residential.
19	(2)(4) 'Construction' means the:
20	(A) The erection of a new building or the:
21	(B) The alteration of an existing building in connection with its repair or renovation
22	or in connection with making an addition to an existing building and shall include the
23	when such repair or renovation of or addition to such existing building includes the
24	replacement of water closets or showers or both; or
25	(C) The replacement of a malfunctioning, unserviceable, or obsolete faucet,

showerhead, toilet water closet, or urinal in an existing building.

1	(5) 'High-efficiency urinal' means a urinal that uses not more than 0.5 gallons per flush.
2	(6) 'High-efficiency water closet' means a water closet that is either of the following:
3	(A) A dual flush water closet with an effective flush volume that does not exceed 1.28
4	gallons, where effective flush volume is defined as the composite, average flush volume
5	of two reduced flushes and one full flush. Flush volumes shall be tested in accordance
6	with ASME standard A112.19.2 and ASME standard A112.19.14; or
7	(B) A single flush water closet where the effective flush volume shall not exceed 1.28
8	gallons. The effective flush volume shall be the average flush volume when tested in
9	accordance with ASME standard A112.19.2.
10	(7) 'Low-flow kitchen faucet' or 'low-flow kitchen replacement aerator' means a kitchen
11	faucet or kitchen replacement aerator that allows a flow of not more than 2.5 gallons of
12	water per minute.
13	(8) 'Low-flow lavatory faucet' or 'low-flow lavatory replacement aerator' means a
14	lavatory faucet or lavatory replacement aerator that allows a flow of not more than 2.0
15	gallons of water per minute.
16	(9) 'Low-flow shower head' means a shower head that allows a flow of not more than an
17	average of 2.5 gallons of water per minute at 60 pounds per square inch of pressure.
18	(10) 'Low-flow urinal' means a urinal that uses not more than an average of 1.0 gallon
19	per flush.
20	(11) 'Low-flow water closet' means a water closet that uses not more than an average of
21	1.6 gallons of water per flush.
22	(3)(12) 'Residential' means any building or unit of a building intended for occupancy as
23	a dwelling but shall not include a hotel or motel.
24	(13) 'Urinal' means a water-using urinal.
25	(14) 'Water closet' means a plumbing fixture having a water-containing receptor which
26	receives liquid and solid body waste and, upon flushing, conveys the waste through a trap
27	way into a gravity drainage system.
28	(b) After April 1, 1992, there There shall not be initiated within this state the construction
29	of any residential building or commercial building of any type which:
30	(1) Employs a gravity tank-type, flushometer-valve, or flushometer-tank toilet that uses
31	more than an average of 1.6 gallons of water per flush water closet that is not a low-flow
32	water closet; provided, however, this paragraph shall not be applicable to one-piece
33	toilets until July 1, 1992 that all water closets installed in this state on or after January 1,
34	2014, shall be high-efficiency water closets;
35	(2) Employs a shower head that allows a flow of more than an average of 2.5 gallons of
36	water per minute at 60 pounds per square inch of pressure is not a low-flow shower head;

1	(3) Employs a urinal that uses more than an average of 1.0 gallon of water per flush is
2	not a low-flow urinal; provided, however, that all urinals installed in this state on or after
3	January 1, 2014, other than blow-out urinals, shall be high-efficiency urinals;
4	(4) Employs a lavatory faucet or lavatory replacement aerator that allows a flow of more
5	than 2.0 gallons of water per minute is not a low-flow lavatory faucet or low-flow
6	lavatory replacement aerator; or
7	(5) Employs a kitchen faucet or kitchen replacement aerator that allows a flow of more
8	than 2.5 gallons of water per minute is not a low-flow kitchen faucet or low-flow kitchen
9	replacement aerator.
10	(c) On and after July 1, 1992, there shall not be initiated within this state the construction
11	of any commercial building of any type which does not meet the requirements of
12	paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection (b) of this Code section.
13	(d) The requirements of subsection (b) of this Code section shall apply to any residential
14	construction initiated after April 1, 1992, and to any commercial construction initiated after
15	July 1, 1992, which involves the repair or renovation of or addition to any existing building
16	when such repair or renovation of or addition to such existing building includes the
17	replacement of toilets or showers or both.
18	(e)(c) Counties and municipalities are authorized and directed to provide by ordinance for
19	an exemption to Construction shall be exempt from the requirements of subsections (b), (c),
20	and (d) subsection (b) of this Code section, relative to new construction and to the repair
21	or renovation of an existing building, under the following conditions:
22	(1) When the repair or renovation of the existing building does not include the
23	replacement of the plumbing or sewage system servicing toilets water closets, faucets, or
24	shower heads within such existing building;
25	(2) When such plumbing or sewage system within such existing building, because of its
26	capacity, design, or installation, would not function properly if the toilets water closets,
27	faucets, or shower heads required by this part were installed;
28	(3) When such system is a well or gravity flow from a spring and is owned privately by
29	an individual for use in such individual's personal residence; or
30	(4) When units to be installed are:
31	(A) Specifically designed for use by persons with disabilities;
32	(B) Specifically designed to withstand unusual abuse or installation in a penal
33	institution; or
34	(C) Toilets Water closets for juveniles.
35	(f) The ordinances adopted by counties and municipalities pursuant to subsection (e) of

this Code section shall provide procedures and requirements to apply for the exemption

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authorized by said subsection.

1	(g) This Code section shall not apply to any construction of a residential building the
2	contract for which was entered into prior to April 1, 1992, and shall not apply to any
3	construction of a commercial building the contract for which was entered into prior to July
4	1, 1992.
5	(h)(d) Any person who installs any toilet water closet, faucet, urinal, or shower head in
6	violation of this Code section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
7	(i)(e) Before April 1, 1992, a A city, county, or authority shall adopt and enforce the
8	provisions of this Code section in order to be eligible to receive any of the following grants,
9	loans, or permits:
10	(1) A water or waste-water facilities grant administered by the Department of Natural
11	Resources or the Department of Community Affairs; or
12	(2) A water or waste-water facilities loan administered by the Georgia Environmental
13	Facilities Authority.
14	(j)(1) For purposes of this part, after April 1, 1992, the sale of a gravity tank-type,
15	flushometer-valve, or flushometer-tank toilet that uses more than an average of 1.6
16	gallons of water per flush shall be prohibited:
17	(A) From July 1, 2008, through December 31, 2013, except for purposes exempted
18	under subsection (c) of this Code section:
19	(i) The sale of any water closet that is not a low-flow water closet shall be prohibited;
20	<u>and</u>
21	(ii) The sale of any urinal, other than a blow-out urinal, that is not a low-flow urinal
22	shall be prohibited; and
23	(B) On and after January 1, 2014, except for purposes exempted under subsection (c)
24	of this Code section:
25	(i) The sale of any water closet that is not a high-efficiency water closet shall be
26	prohibited; and
27	(ii) The sale of any urinal, other than a blow-out urinal, that is not a high efficiency
28	urinal shall be prohibited.
29	(2) Each manufacturer selling water closets or urinals in this state shall have not less than
30	the following percentage of models offered for sale in this state of high-efficiency water
31	closets plus high-efficiency urinals as compared to the total number of models of water
32	closets plus urinals offered for sale in this state by that manufacturer:
33	(A) Fifty percent in 2010;
34	(B) Sixty-seven percent in 2011;
35	(C) Seventy-five percent in 2012;
36	(D) Eighty-five percent in 2013; and
37	(E) One hundred percent in 2014 and thereafter.

Each manufacturer that sells water closets or urinals in this state shall inform the
department and the Environmental Protection Division of the Department of Natural
Resources, in writing, of the percentage of models of high-efficiency water closets plus
high-efficiency urinals offered for sale in this state as compared to the total number of
models of water closets plus urinals offered for sale in this state by that manufacturer for
each year 2010 to 2013, inclusive, by January 30 of that year.

(k)(g) The provisions of this Code section shall not be construed to prohibit counties or municipalities from adopting and enforcing local ordinances which provide requirements which are more stringent than the requirements of this Code section."

SECTION 2.

Article 2 of Chapter 7 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to imposition, rate, and computation of income taxes and exemptions therefrom, is amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:

"48-7-40.27.

- (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
 - (1) 'Commercial' means any type of building other than residential.
 - (2) 'High-efficiency urinal' means a urinal that uses not more than 0.5 gallons per flush.
 - (3) 'High-efficiency water closet' means a water closet that is either of the following:
 - (A) A dual flush water closet with an effective flush volume that does not exceed 1.28 gallons, where effective flush volume is defined as the composite, average flush volume of two reduced flushes and one full flush. Flush volumes shall be tested in accordance with ASME standard A112.19.2 and ASME standard A112.19.14; or
 - (B) A single flush water closet where the effective flush volume shall not exceed 1.28 gallons. The effective flush volume shall be the average flush volume when tested in accordance with ASME standard A112.19.2.
 - (4) 'Low-flow kitchen faucet' or 'low-flow kitchen replacement aerator' means a kitchen faucet or kitchen replacement aerator that allows a flow of not more than 2.5 gallons of water per minute.
 - (5) 'Low-flow lavatory faucet' or 'low-flow lavatory replacement aerator' means a lavatory faucet or lavatory replacement aerator that allows a flow of not more than 2.0 gallons of water per minute.
 - (6) 'Low-flow shower head' means a shower head that allows a flow of not more than an average of 2.5 gallons of water per minute at 60 pounds per square inch of pressure.
- (7) 'Low-flow urinal' means a urinal that uses not more than an average of 1.0 gallon perflush.

- 1 (8) 'Low-flow water closet' means a water closet that uses not more than an average of 1.6 gallons of water per flush.
 - (9) 'Residential' means any building or unit of a building intended for occupancy as a dwelling but shall not include a hotel or motel.
 - (10) 'Urinal' means a water-using urinal.

- (11) 'Water closet' means a plumbing fixture having a water-containing receptor which receives liquid and solid body waste and, upon flushing, conveys the waste through a trap way into a gravity drainage system.
- (b) A tax credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed under this article to a taxpayer for the actual replacement in an existing commercial building or residential building of:
 - (1) A water closet or low-flow water closet with a high-efficiency water closet when such is not otherwise required under Code Section 8-2-3. The amount of the credit under this paragraph shall be \$100.00 per replacement or the actual cost of the replacement fixture, whichever is less; provided, however, that no taxpayer shall be allowed credits for more than three such replacements, in any combination, in the same tax year;
 - (2) A urinal or low-flow urinal, other than a blow-out urinal, with a high-efficiency urinal when such is not otherwise required under Code Section 8-2-3. The amount of the credit under this paragraph shall be \$100.00 per replacement or the actual cost of the replacement fixture, whichever is less; provided, however, that no taxpayer shall be allowed credits for more than three such replacements, in any combination, in the same tax year;
 - (3) A shower head with a low-flow shower head when such is not otherwise required under Code Section 8-2-3. The amount of the credit under this paragraph shall be \$20.00 per replacement or the actual cost of the replacement fixture, whichever is less; provided, however, that no taxpayer shall be allowed credits for more than three such replacements, in any combination, in the same tax year;
 - (4) A lavatory faucet or lavatory replacement aerator with a low-flow lavatory faucet or low-flow lavatory replacement aerator when such is not otherwise required under Code Section 8-2-3. The amount of the credit under this paragraph shall be \$10.00 per replacement or the actual cost of the replacement fixture, whichever is less; provided, however, that no taxpayer shall be allowed credits for more than three such replacements, in any combination, in the same tax year; or
 - (5) A kitchen faucet or kitchen replacement aerator with a low-flow kitchen faucet or low-flow kitchen replacement aerator when such is not otherwise required under Code Section 8-2-3. The amount of the credit under this paragraph shall be \$10.00 per replacement or the actual cost of the replacement fixture, whichever is less; provided,

- however, that no taxpayer shall be allowed credits for more than one such replacement in the same tax year.
- 3 (c) The commissioner shall promulgate such rules and regulations as are reasonable and
- 4 necessary to implement and administer this Code section."

5 SECTION 3.

6 Section 2 of this Act shall apply to all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008.

7 SECTION 4.

8 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.